

جامعة القاهرة  
 قسم الرياضيات والبحوث الإحصائية  
 STAT 607 M الامتحان النهائي المقرر  
 لطالبات تأهيل الماجستير في الإحصاء  
 الزمن: 3 ساعات يناير 2015

1. If the density of the Gamma( $\alpha, \lambda$ ) distribution is given by

$$f(t) = \frac{\lambda^\alpha (t)^{\alpha-1} e^{-\lambda t}}{\Gamma(\alpha)}, \quad t > 0 \quad (\lambda > 0, \alpha > 0),$$

show that this family belongs to IFR if  $\alpha \geq 1$  and to DFR if  $0 < \alpha \leq 1$ .

(15 points)

2. Show that if  $X$  is a life random variable with survival function  $\bar{F}(\cdot)$ , then

$$E(X) = \int_0^{\infty} \bar{F}(u) du \quad (10 \text{ points})$$

3. (i) Define each of the following

$X \in \{HNBUE\}$ ;  $X \in \{NBUE\}$ ,

(ii)  $f$  is a  $PF_2$  function,

(iii) the failure rate of a random variable  $X$ ,

(iv) the mean residual life of  $X$ ,

(v) the mean inactivity time of  $X$ ,

(vi) the reversed failure rate of  $X$ .

(12 points)

4. Prove that  $IFRA \Rightarrow NBU$ .

(15 points)

(تحت إشراف أساتذة الإحصاء)

5. Prove that if  $\{\bar{P}_k\}$  is such that  
 $1 = \bar{P}_0 \geq \bar{P}_1 \geq \bar{P}_2 \geq \dots$  and  
 $\bar{P}_{i+j} \leq \bar{P}_i \bar{P}_j$  for  $i, j = 0, 1, 2, \dots$ , then  

$$H(t) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(\lambda t)^k e^{-\lambda t} \bar{P}_k}{k!}$$

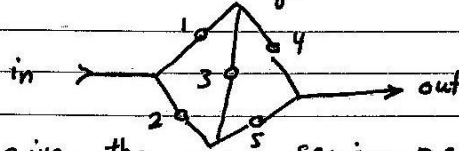
is NBU. (15 points)

6. What needs to be established when a new family of distributions is defined? (7 points)

7. Give an example to show that the DFR family is not closed under convolutions (6 points)

8. Let  $\phi$  be a coherent structure. Prove that  
 (i)  $\phi(\underline{x} \parallel \underline{y}) \geq \phi(\underline{x}) \parallel \phi(\underline{y})$ .  
 (ii)  $\phi(\underline{x} \cdot \underline{y}) \leq \phi(\underline{x}) \cdot \phi(\underline{y})$ . (10 points)

9. Consider the bridge



give the series-parallel and the parallel-series representations of the bridge.

(10 points)